


GEOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES


   Reprint of the 1958 edition with supplement added. 72p.


1743. Nugent, Laurence E. OIL AND GAS OF WEST VIRGINIA. Morgantown, 1936. 151 leaves. (Thesis, M.S., West Virginia University, 1936)


   A supplement to GEOLOGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES OF WEST VIRGINIA, by Paul H. Price, and others.


1753. Sharpe, George, Lester Fos, and Everett R. Leadbetter. SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION IN WEST VIRGINIA. Morgantown [1960?] 16 leaves.


1756. Tsai, John Cha-Hong, and Jerry C. Burchinal. AN ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF WATER RESOURCE PAPERS PERTAINING TO THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA. Morgantown, 1963. 132p.


1761. THE WEST VIRGINIA GEOLOGICAL AND ECONOMIC SURVEY: ITS AC-
COMPLISHMENTS AND OUTLOOK. Edited by Ira S. Latimer, Jr.,

1762. West Virginia. State Department of Education, and West Vir-
ginia. Conservation Commission. LIVING, LEARNING, LOVING
WEST VIRGINIA. Charleston, Mathews Printing and Litho-
graphing Co. [1956?] 80p.
Teacher's guide to conservation.

1763. West Virginia. State Planning Board. A STUDY OF THE WATER
RESOURCES OF WEST VIRGINIA. Charleston, Mathews Printing

1764. West Virginia. State Soil Conservation Committee. SOUL OF
SOIL; WEST VIRGINIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICTS,

1765. Williams, Douglass B., ed. NATURAL RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIES
OF CENTRAL WEST VIRGINIA. Clarksburg, Clarksburg Telegram
Includes Barbour, Braxton, Doddridge; Gilmer, Harrison,
Lewis, Marion, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, and Webster
counties. "Central West Virginia," by Henry Haymond:
p.[7]-12.

INDIANS AND MOUND BUILDERS

The earliest inhabitants of West Virginia were the prehistoric
Mound Builders, the last of whom disappeared from this area around
1700. On the eve of its settlement by white men, the region had
become a hunting ground for several Indian nations, including the
Delaware, Tuscarora, Shawnee, Mingo, and Cherokee. Much of what is
known about the inhabitants of West Virginia prior to European
settlement is based upon archeological investigations. This sec-
tion lists resources concerning the prehistory and the archaeology
of West Virginia's earliest residents and the history of Indian
resistance to the advance of the white frontier. A few additional
sources on Indian warfare are listed under Military History: The
Eighteenth Century. The most extensive bibliography concerning
West Virginia archeology is the work by R. P. Stephen Davis, Jr.

1766. Allman, Clarence B. THE MOUND BUILDERS. Philadelphia, Pa.,
F. A. Davis, 1940. 41p. (Continued Study Unit in Social
Life, 2)